

### 3 • Chemical Formulas

#### STUDY LIST

*I can:*

#### Formulas

- Look at a **formula** and state how many **elements** and **atoms** are in that compound.
- Calculate the **molecular mass** or **molar mass** of any compound.
- State that the mass of a **molecule** is measured in **amu's** and the mass of a **mole** is measured in **grams**.
- Give examples of **empirical formulas**, **molecular formulas**, and **structural formulas**.
- Identify a formula as **empirical**, **molecular**, or **structural**.

#### Ionic Compounds

*I can:*

- List the names and formulas of **60 ions**.
- State whether a compound is an **ionic compound** or a **nonmetal compound**.
- Write the **formula** of an **ionic compound** given the two ions or its name. Know when to use **parentheses**.
- Name** an ionic compound given the formula.
- Determine the **charge** on an ion from information in an ionic formula.

#### Nonmetal Compounds

##### aka Molecular Compound

- Write the **formula** of a **binary nonmetal compound (molecular compound)** given its name.
- Name** a binary nonmetal compound (molecular compound) given its formula.

#### Percent Composition

- Calculate the **percent composition (by mass)** for any compound.
- Calculate the **empirical formula** from **percent composition data**.
- Determine the **molecular formula** of a compound given its **empirical formula** and **molar mass**.

#### Hydrates

- Give **examples** of hydrates and anhydrous compounds.
- Calculate the **formula of a hydrate** from **dehydration data**.

#### The Mole

- State the **significance** of the mole.
- State the **three mole facts** for any substance (molar volume, molar mass, Avogadro's number)  
 $1 \text{ mole} = 22.4 \text{ Liters @ STP (gases only)}$   
 $1 \text{ mole} = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ particles}$   
(particles = molecules or atoms)  
 $1 \text{ mole} = \text{gram molecular mass of chemical}$
- Use **dimensional analysis** to convert between moles, mass, volume, and number of particles for a chemical.
- Use **density** as a **conversion factor** in mole problems.
- Use gas **density** to calculate **molar mass**.